Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

Product identifier	
Trade name: <u>LÖSER 31</u> Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised ag Application of the substance / the preparation Cleaning thinner	ainst
• Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet • Manufacturer/Supplier: WAKOL GmbH Bottenbacher Str. 30 66954 Pirmasens thomas.wieland@wakol.de	+49 (0)6331 8001 14
• Informing department: Industrial Safety Department • Emergency telephone number: During business hours: Industrial Safety Department; +49 (0) 6331 8001	144
P Hazards identification	
· Classification of the substance or mixture	
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/	EC
Xn; Harmful	
<i>R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.</i>	
Xi; Irritant	
<i>R36/38:</i> Irritating to eyes and skin.	
<i>F; Highly flammable</i>	
R11: Highly flammable.	
$\mathcal{V}_{\mathcal{A}}$ N; Dangerous for the environment	
<i>R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adve environment.</i>	rse effects in the aquati
<i>R67:</i> Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
· Classification system:	
The classification is according to the latest editions of the EU-lists, an literature data.	d extended by company ar
· Label elements	
• Labelling according to EU guidelines: The product has been classified and marked in accordance with EU Hazardous Materials. The product has been marked in accordance with EU Directives / respecti	
· Code letter and hazard designation of product:	
Xn Harmful F Highly flammable N Dangerous for the environment	
• Hazard-determining components of labelling: Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	
· Risk phrases:	
11 Highly flammable.	

-GB

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Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

(Contd. of page 1)

Trade name: LÖSER 31

36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.

51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

· Safety phrases:

9 *Keep container in a well-ventilated place.*

16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

29/35 Do not Empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

37 Wear suitable gloves.

· Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: Not applicable.

• **vPvB:** Not applicable.

Chemical characte Description: Solver		
Dangerous compo	nents:	
	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha 9 💓 Xn R65; 🝺 F R11; 🙀 N R51/53 R66-67	25-<509
	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha 9 🗙 Xn R65; 💓 Xi R38; 🐞 F R11; ¥₂ N R51/53 R67	25-<509
CAS: 67-64-1 EINECS: 200-662-	acetone 2 💓 Xi R36; 🐞 F R11 R66-67	10<24%
CAS: 141-78-6 EINECS: 205-500-	Ethyl acetate 4	10-<209
CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-	Butanone 9 💓 Xi R36; 🐞 F R11 R66-67	2.5-<104
1272/2008; Note P.	tion ied and marked in accordance with EU Directives RL 67/ [contents benzene (CAS: 71-43-2) <0,1% by weight] the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.	'548/EWG, VO(EC

4 First aid measures

• Description of first aid measures

· After inhalation Supply fresh air.

• After skin contact Clean with water and soap. If possible, also wash with polyethylene glycol 400.

(Contd. on page 3)

Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

Trade name: LÖSER 31

(Contd. of page 2)

• *After eye contact Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.* • *After swallowing Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.*

5 Firefighting measures

· Extinguishing media

- · Suitable extinguishing agents
- CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents Water with full jet
- Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: No special measures required.

6 Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 Ensure adequate ventilation
 Keep away from ignition sources.
 Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course. Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: • Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- *Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.*

7 Handling and storage

· Handling

- · Precautions for safe handling
- Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Prevent formation of aerosols.
- Information about protection against explosions and fires: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect against electrostatic charges.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in a cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:
- Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

(Contd. on page 4)

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(Contd. of page 3)

Control parameters Components with critical values that require monitoring at the workplace: 67-64-1 acetone WEL Short-term value: 3620 mg/m ³ , 1500 ppm Long-term value: 1210 mg/m ³ , 500 ppm 141-78-6 Ethyl acetate WEL Short-term value: 400 ppm Long-term value: 200 ppm 78-93-3 Butanone WEL Short-term value: 899 mg/m ³ , 300 ppm Long-term value: 600 mg/m ³ , 200 ppm Sk DNELs 92062-15-2 Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha Oral DNEL 1301 mg/kg/day (consumer) 13964 mg/kg/day (consumer) 13964 mg/kg/day (consumer) 5306 mg/m ³ (consumer) 5306 mg/m ³ (consumer) 13964 mg/kg/day (c	Addition	al information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
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		(Contd. on page 5

Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

Trade name: LÖSER 31

(Contd. of page 4)

· Information on basic physical	and chemical properties
· General Information	
· Appearance:	
Form: Colour:	Fluid Colourless
· Smell:	Characteristic
 Change in condition Melting point/Melting range Boiling point/Boiling range: 	
· Flash point:	-25°C
· Ignition temperature:	260°C
\cdot Self-inflammability:	Product is not selfigniting.
· Danger of explosion:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.
· Critical values for explosion:	
Lower:	1.1 Vol %
Upper:	13.0 Vol %
· Steam pressure at 20°C:	247 mbar
\cdot Density at 20°C	0.78 g/cm3 (EN ISO 2811-1)
· Solubility in / Miscibility with Water:	Insoluble.
· Viscosity: dynamic at 20°C:	10 mPas (ISO 2555)
· Solvent content:	
Organic solvents:	100 %
VOC	100.00 %

10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity

· Chemical stability

• Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.

· Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

(Contd. on page 6)

GB

Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

Trade name: LÖSER 31

 $(Contd. \ of \ page \ 5)$

Acute tox	cicity:	exicological effects
-		hat are relevant for classification: poiling point hydrogen treated naphtha
92002-13 Oral	LD50	>5000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD RL 401)
Dermal	LD50 LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rab)t (OECD RL 401) >2000 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD RL 402)
		h > 20 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403)
64742-49)-0 Low l	poiling point hydrogen treated naphtha
Oral	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalativ	e LC50/4	h > 5 mg/l (rat)
67-64-1	acetone	
Oral	LD50	5800 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	20000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalativ	e LC50/4	h 76 mg/l (rat)
141-78-6	Ethyl ac	etate
Oral	LD50	5600 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>18000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalativ	e LC50/4	h 1600 mg/l (rat)
Primary		
		nt to skin and mucous membranes.
\cdot on the ey		ng effect. sensitizing effects known.
		logical information:
		vs the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General I
	ation Gui	delines for Preparations as issued in the latest version:
Harmful Irritant		

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

· Acquatic toxicity:

92062-15-2 Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

 $IC50 > 1, \le 10 \text{ mg/l (algas)}$

64742-49-0 Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

EC50/48h 7.27 mg/l (a05) (OECD RL 201)

17.06 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (OECD RL 203)

IC50 >1, ≤10 mg/l (algas)

>1, ≤10 mg/l (piscarius)

LC50/96h 9.77 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD RL 203)

67-64-1 acetone

EC5/16h 1700 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida)

EC5/72h 28 mg/l (Entosiphon sulcatum)

EC5/8d 530 mg/l (Microcystis aerruginosa)

EC50/18h 12600-12700 mg/l (Daphnia magna)

Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Revision: 04.03.2011

Trade name: LÖSER 31

	(0	Contd. of page 6)
EC50/48h	6100 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	
EC50/96h	8300 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)	
LC50/48h	12600 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	
	11300 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)	
LC50/96h	11300 mg/l (Leuciscus idus) (DIN 38412 T.15)	
	5540 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	8300 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)	
NOEC/16h	n 1700 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida)	
NOEC/48h	n 4740 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum)	
141-78-6 E	Ethyl acetate	
EC10/18h	2900 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida)	
EC50/48h	3300 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
	717 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	
IC50/48h	3300 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)	
LC50/48h	333 mg/l (Leuciscus idus)	
LC50/96h	230 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)	
	l ecological information:	
· General no		
	ard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water	
	ow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water cour	rse or sewage
system. Begylta of	DDT and DDD accomment	
• Results of • PBT: Not a	PBT and vPvB assessment	
• vPvB: Not		
VI VD. 1101	иррисион.	

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- *Recommendation Must be specially treated adhering to official regulations.*
- · European waste catalogue

07 00 00 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES

07 01 00 wastes from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of basic organic chemicals

07 01 04* other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- **Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

· Land transport ADR/R	ID and GGVS/GG	VE (cross-border/domestic)	
		``````````````````````````````````````	
· ADR/RID-GGVS/E Cl	uss: 3 Flammable	liquids.	
· Kemler Number:	33	-	
· UN-Number:	1993		
· Packaging group:	II		
			(Contd. on page

Printing date 04.03.2011	Version number 23	Revision: 04.03.2011
Trade name: LÖSER 31		
· Label	3	(Contd. of page 7)
· Lavel · Special marking:	5 Symbol (fish and tree)	
	<i>c:</i> 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., spec point hydrogen treated naphtha, Low ( naphtha)	
· Limited quantities (LQ) · Tunnel restriction code	LQ4 D/E	
· Maritime transport IMDC	G/GGVSea:	
· IMDG/GGVSea Class:	3	
· UN Number:	1993	
· Label	3	
· Packaging group:	II	
• EMS Number:	<i>F-E</i> , <u><i>S-E</i></u>	
• Marine pollutant:	nein	
· Correct technical name:	Symbol (fish and tree) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Low l naphtha, Low boiling point hydrogen trea	
· Air transport ICAO-TI an	d IATA-DGR:	
3		
· ICAO/IATA Class:	3	
· UN/ID Number:	1993	
· Label Backaging group.	3	
• Packaging group: • Correct technical name:	II ELAMMARIE LIQUID N.O.S. (Low b	coiling point hydrogen treated
· Correct technical name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Low l naphtha, Low boiling point hydrogen trea	
. Special presentions for u	ser Warning: Flammable liquids.	·····

#### 15 Regulatory information

 $\cdot$  Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· National regulations

• *VOC*:

• **VOC (EU)** 780.0 g/l

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### 16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

(Contd. on page 9)

GB

Revision: 04.03.2011

Printing date 04.03.2011

Version number 23

Trade name: LÖSER 31

(Contd. of page 8)

GB

R11 Highly flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

*R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.* 

*R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.* 

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

· Department issuing data specification sheet: Industrial Safety Department.

· Contact: Dr. Thomas Wieland