

5-Phase CSK Series



#### 5-Phase Stepping Motor and Driver Package

**CSK** Series

S

STEPPING MOTORS

#### 5-Phase Stepping Motor and Driver Package

# **CSK** Series

*Q***STEP** 

RK

SS

Controller

Accessories

## 1. High torque

The **PK** high torque motor was designed to produce hightorque in a compact frame size.

#### **2.** Low vibration

Because there is no noticeable resonance, smooth rotation is achieved. These packages keep vibration and noise levels low.

#### **3.** Compact package

Both the motor and driver are designed to be compact, making them perfect for reducing the size and weight of machines.

#### **4.** High resolution

The 5-phase stepping motors have  $0.72^{\circ}$  per step in full-step mode and  $0.36^{\circ}$  per step in half-step mode–2.5 times the resolution of a 2-phase stepping motor. This makes it possible for extremely accurate positioning.

#### **5.** TH geared type

The backlash-proof geared stepping motor features the compact body: What's more, these motors allow high permissible torque.

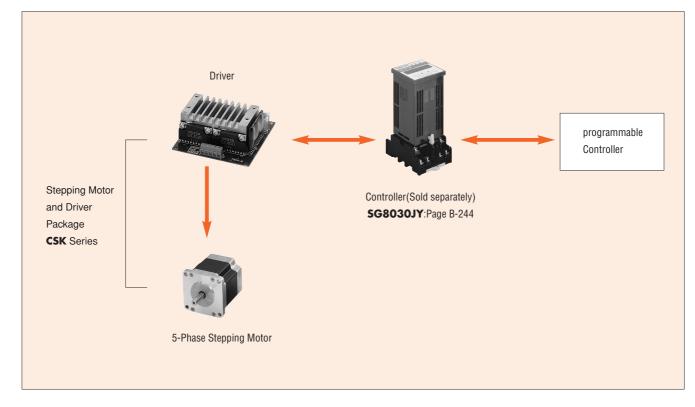
They are optimal for applications in which large torque is required in tight spaces.

**PK54** type motor dose not comply with CSA standards. CSK59 types are not recognized by UL and CSA.

# CSK

#### **CSK** Series System Configuration

Combines a high torque 5-phase stepping motor with a compact driver for high-accuracy positioning control with open loop.



#### Accessories(Sold separately)



 $\alpha_{step}$ 

SK

PMC

NanoStep RFK

5-Phase Stepping Motors

2-Phase with DC Driver

CSK

**RK** 5-Phase with AC Driver

5-Phase with DC Driver

### CSK Series Standard Type Page B-121

Three sizes are available: **CSK54**  $\square$  with a frame size of 42mm square; **CSK56**  $\square$  60mm square; and **CSK59**  $\square$  85mm square.



Standards /CE Marking							
Products	Applicable Standards	Certification body	File. No.	CE Marking			
Stepping Motor	UL1004, UL519						
	CSA C22.2 No.100 UL		E64199				
	CSA C22.2 No.77			EMC Directive			
	UL508C	111	E171462 EMC E E208200				
Drivor	CSA C22.2 No.14	UL					
Driver	UL1950	111					
	CSA C22.2 No.950	UL					
<b>PK51</b> type does not comply with CSA standards							

**PK54** type does not comply with CSA standards. **CSK59** types are not recognized by UL and CSA.

#### UL Approval Conditions

- The product is be used as a component within other equipment.
- Overvoltage Category : I
- Pollution Degree : 2
- Class  ${\mathbb I}$

#### CSK Series TH Geared Type Page B-125

Four gear ratio are available: 1:7.2, 1:10, 1:20 and 1:30. The low ratios allows output shaft speed to be reduced without reducing the input pulse frequency, thus enabling more precise resolution and smoother rotation as low speed.

Refer to page B-18 for the details of **TH** gear.



Use Conditions
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Surroundings		The case of the driver of this product is not recognized as the enclosure. Protecting with the enclosure, please use.				
Power Supply		The driver power supply to be used should be a DC power supply where the primary and secondary sides are provided with reinforced insulation.				
EMC		The EMC value changes according to the wiring and layout. Therefore, the final EMC level must be checked with the motor/driver incorporated in the user's equipment.				
●EMI		ion Tests:	EN50081-2			
●EMS ※1 Exc	Immur Radiat Electro Fast T Condu	ted Emission Test: hity Tests: tion Field Immunity Tests: Static Discharge Immunity Test: ransient/Burst Immunity Test: uctive Noise Immunity Test: <b>CSK54</b> type, <b>CSK56</b> typ	IEC61000-4-4 IEC61000-4-6			

### List of Motor and Driver Combinations

Model numbers for motor and driver combinations are shown below.

		Stepping Motor	Driver	
Туре	Package Model	Model	Current A/phase	Model
	CSK543-N 🗆 TE CSK544-N 🗆 TE CSK545-N 🗆 TE	PK543N □ W PK544N □ W PK545N □ W	0.75	CSD5807N-T
Standard Type	CSK564-N □ TE CSK566-N □ TE CSK569-N □ TE	PK564N □ WE PK566N □ WE PK569N □ WE	1.4	CSD5814N-T
	CSK596-N	PK596-N□E PK599-N□E PK5913-N□E	2.8	CSD5828N-T
<b>TH</b> Geared Type	CSK543AE-TG7.2 CSK543AE-TG10 CSK543AE-TG20 CSK543AE-TG30	PK543NAW-T7.2 PK543NAW-T10 PK543NAW-T20 PK543NAW-T30	0.75	CSD5807N-T
in dealed type	CSK564AE-TG7.2 CSK564AE-TG10 CSK564AE-TG20 CSK564AE-TG30	PK564NAW-T7.2 PK564NAW-T10 PK564NAW-T20 PK564NAW-T30	1.4	CSD5814N-T

Enter A(single shaft) or B(double shaft) in the  $\square$  within the model numbers.

Accessories

2-Phase Stepping Motors

#### Product Number Code



#### Specifications: Standard Type

Daakaga Madal		Single Shaft	CSK543-NATE	CSK544-NATE	CSK545-NATE	CSK564-NATE	CSK566-NATE	CSK569-NATE	
Pa	ckage Model	Double Shaft	CSK543-NBTE	CSK544-NBTE	CSK545-NBTE	CSK564-NBTE	CSK566-NBTE	CSK569-NBTE	
Ма	aximum Holding Torque	N · m	0.13	0.18	0.24	0.42	0.83	1.66	
Ro	tor Inertia	kg∙ m²	35×10 <sup>-7</sup>	54×10 <sup>-7</sup>	68×10 <sup>-7</sup>	175×10 <sup>-7</sup>	280×10 <sup>-7</sup>	560×10 <sup>-7</sup>	
Rat	ted Current	A/phase		0.75			1.4	I	
Bas	sic Step Angle				(	).72°			
Ins	sulation Class			Class B (130°C)	[Recognized as Clas	ss A (105°C) by UL	and CSA standards	]	
Po	wer Source		DC24	DC24V±10% 1.3A maximum DC24V±10% 2.1A maximum				mum	
Ou	tput Current	A/phase		0.75			1.4		
Exc	citation Mode				0.72°/step (4 phase 0.36°/step (4-5 pha				
	Input Signal Circuit			hotocoupler input, input resistance 220Ω, input current 20mA maximum ignal voltage Photocoupler ON : $+4$ ~+5V, Photocoupler OFF: 0~+0.5V					
Input Signals	• Pulse Signal		Step Command Pulse Signal Pulse width: 5 µs minimum, Pulse rise/Pulse fall time: 2 µs maximum Motor moves when the photocoupler state changes from ON to OFF. Negative logic pulse input						
	• Rotation Direction Signa		Rotation Direction Signal Photocoupler ON : CW, Photocoupler OFF : CCW						
	• Step Angle Signal		Full Step (0.72°) at "Photocoupler OFF" Half Step (0.36°) at "Photocoupler ON"						
	• All Windings Off Signal		When in the "Photocoupler ON" state the current to the motor is cut off and the motor shaft can be rotated manually. When in the "Photocoupler OFF" state the current level set by the RUN switch is supplied to the motor.						
	• Automatic Current Cutba Release Signal	ck	When in the "Photocoupler ON" state the "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill is disabled. When in the "Photocoupler OFF" state the "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill is activated. (Approximately 100ms after motor motion stops)						
gnals	Output Signal Circuit		Photocoupler, Open-Collector Output External use condition: 24V DC maximum, 10mA maximum						
Output Signals	• Excitation Timing Signal		The signal is output every time the excitation sequence returns to the initial stage "0". (PI Full step: signal is output every 10 pulses, Half step: signal is output every 20 pulses				stage "0". (Photoco	upler : ON)	
Fur	nctions		Automatic current cutback						
Со	oling Method (Driver)		Natural Ventilation						
Ma	200	Motor kg	0.21	0.27	0.35	0.6	0.8	1.3	
Ма	155	Driver kg	0.14						
Ins	sulation Resistance	Motor	100M $\Omega$ or more windings and the		ent temperature and	I humidity when the	e megger reading be	tween the	
Die	electric Strength	Motor, Driver			nd humidity, sufficio for one minute follo			for driver) applied	
Δm	nbient temperature	Motor	$-10^{\circ}C \sim +50^{\circ}C$						
лП	mont temperature	Driver			0°C ·	~+40°℃			

Maximum holding torque refers to the holding torque at motor standstill when the rated current is supplied to the motor (5 phase excitation). Use this value to
compare motor torque performance. When using the motor with the included driver, the driver's "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces
maximum holding torque by approximately 50%.

•The power source input current value represents the maximum current. (The input current varies according to the pulse frequency.)

CSK

РМС

NanoStep RFK

Package Model —		Single Shaft	CSK596-NATE	CSK599-NATE	CSK5913-NATE			
		Double Shaft	CSK596-NBTE	CSK599-NBTE	CSK5913-NBTE			
Maximum Holding Torque N · m		2.1	4.1	6.3				
Ro	otor Inertia	kg∙ m²	1400×10 <sup>-7</sup>	2700×10 <sup>-7</sup>	4000×10 <sup>-7</sup>			
Ba	sic Rated Current	A/phase		2.8				
Ste	ep Angle		0.72°					
Ins	sulation Class		Class B (130°C)					
Po	wer Source		Μ	otor Driving: DC24V±10% 4A maxim	um			
Ou	itput Current	A/phase		2.8				
Ex	citation Mode			0.72°/step (4 phase excitation) 0.36°/step (4-5 phase excitation)				
	Input Signal Circuit			220 $\Omega$ , input current 20mA maximum $1 \sim +5$ V, Photocoupler OFF: 0 $\sim +0.5$ V				
Input Signals	<ul> <li>Pulse Signal (CW Pulse Signal)</li> </ul>		Step Command Pulse signal (CW Direction Command Pulse Signal at 2-pulse input mode) Pulse width: 5 μs minimum, Pulse rise/Pulse fall time: 2 μs maximum Motor moves when the photocoupler state changes from ON to OFF. Negative logic pulse input					
	<ul> <li>Rotation Direction Signa (CCW Pulse Signal)</li> </ul>		Rotation Direction Signal Photocoupler ON : CW, Photocoupler OFF : CCW (CCW Direction Command Pulse Signal at 2-pulse input mode) Pulse width: 5 µs minimum, Pulse rise/Pulse fall time: 2 µs maximum Motor moves when the photocoupler state changes from ON to OFF.					
	• Step Angle Signal		Full Step (0.72°) at "Photocoupler Of Half Step (0.36°) at "Photocoupler O					
	• All Windings Off Signal		When in the "Photocoupler ON" state the current to the motor is cut off and the motor shaft can be rotated manually. When in the "Photocoupler OFF" state the current level set by the RUN switch is supplied to the motor.					
	<ul> <li>Automatic Current Cutba Release Signal</li> </ul>	ck		the "Automatic Current Cutback" functi e the "Automatic Current Cutback" funct notion stops)				
	Output Signal Circuit		Photocoupler, Open-Collector Output External use condition: 24V DC maxi					
Uutput signais	• Excitation Timing Signal		The signal is output every time the e Full step: signal is output every 10 p Half step: signal is output every 20 p		stage "0". (Photocoupler : ON)			
nu	• Overheat Signal		Signal is output when the temper Automatic return.) The motor comes to a natural stop b	ature of the driver radiation plate be y "Automatic Current Off" function.	comes 90°C. (Photocoupler ON,			
Functions			Automatic current cutback, Automatic current off, Pulse signal mode switch					
Cooling Method (Driver)				Natural Ventilation				
Ma	ass	Motor kg	1.7	2.8	3.8			
10		Driver kg	0.25					
Ins	sulation Resistance	Motor	100M $\Omega$ or more under normal ambient temperature and humidity when the megger reading between the windings and the frame is DC500V.					
Die	electric Strength	Motor	Under normal ambient temperature and humidity, sufficient to withstand 1.0kV at 50 Hz applied between the windings and the frame for one minute following a period of continuous operation.					
Am	nbient temperature	Motor		$-10\degree$ C $\sim+50\degree$ C				
Driver		$0^{\circ}$ C $\sim +40^{\circ}$ C						

• Maximum holding torque refers to the holding torque at motor standstill when the rated current is supplied to the motor (5 phase excitation). Use this value to compare motor torque performance. When using the motor with the included driver, the driver's "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximately 50%

•The power source input current value represents the maximum current. (The input current varies according to the pulse frequency.)

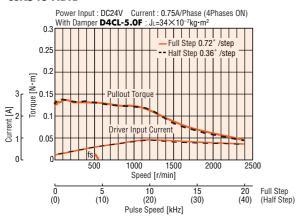
5-Phase with DC Driver

SX

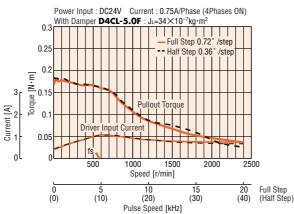
#### Speed-Torque Characteristics fs: Maximum Starting Pulse Rate

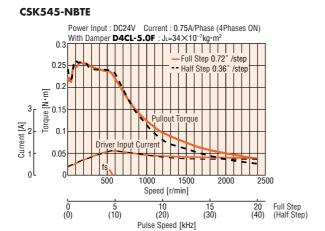
Standard Type

#### CSK543-NBTE

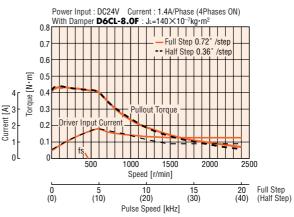


#### CSK544-NBTE

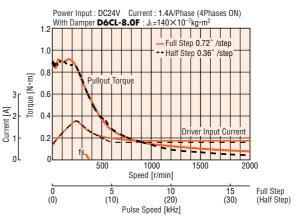




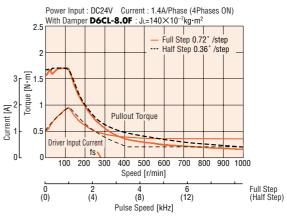
#### CSK564-NBTE



#### CSK566-NBTE







#### Notes:

- 1. Pay attention to heat dissipation from the motor and driver. The motor will produce a considerable amount of heat under certain conditions. Be sure to keep the temperature of the motor case under 100°C
- When using the motor with the dedicated driver, the driver "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximately 50%.

 $\alpha_{step}$ 

RK

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PMC

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5-Phase Stepping Motors

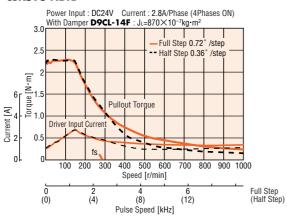
2-Phase with DC Driver

5-Phase with AC Driver

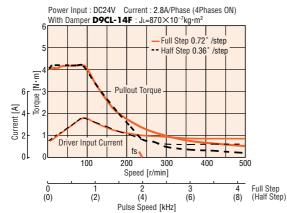
5-Phase with DC Driver

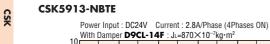
#### Standard Type

CSK596-NBTE



CSK599-NBTE





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#### Torque [N·m] Current [A] Pullout Toraue Driver Input Current fs - + - + 0 0 300 100 200 400 Speed [r/min] 0 (0) 1 (2) 3 (6) (4) Pulse Speed [kHz]

With Damper D9CL-14F :  $J_L=870 \times 10^{-7} kg \cdot m^2$ 

Full Step 0.72° /step Half Step 0.36° /step

500

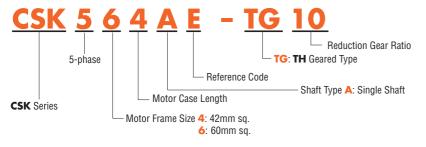
Full Step (Half Step)

4 (8)

#### Notes:

- 1. Pay attention to heat dissipation from the motor and driver. The motor will produce a considerable amount of heat under certain conditions. Be sure to keep the temperature of the motor case under 100°C
- 2. When using the motor with the dedicated driver, the driver "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximately 50%.

#### Product Number Code



#### Specifications: TH Geared Type

Pa	ckage Model	Single Shaft	CSK543AE-TG7.2	CSK543AE-TG10	CSK543AE-TG20	CSK543AE-TG30			
Ма	ximum Holding Torque	N · m	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.5			
Rotor Inertia		kg · m²		35>	<10 <sup>-7</sup>				
Rated Current A/phase		0.75							
Ba	sic Step Angle		0.1°	0.072°	0.036°	0.024°			
Re	duction Gear Ratio		1:7.2	1:10	1:20	1:30			
Pe	rmissible Torque	N · m	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.5			
Pe	rmissible Thrust Load	N		15					
Pe	rmissible Overhung Load	N	20						
Ba	cklash	Minute	25 (0.417°)	25 (0.417°)	15 (0.25°)	15 (0.25°)			
	rmissible Speed Range	Full Step	0~15000Hz (0~250r/min)	0~15000Hz (0~180r/min)	0~15000Hz (0~90r/min)	0∼15000Hz (0∼60r/min)			
(0)	utput Shaft Rotation Speed)	Half Step	0~30000Hz (0~250r/min)	0~30000Hz (0~180r/min)	0~30000Hz (0~90r/min)	0~30000Hz (0~60r/min)			
Ins	sulation Class		Class E	(130°C) [Recognized as Cla	ss A (105°C) by UL and CSA s	standards]			
	wer Source			DC24V±10%	1.3A Maximum				
Ou	tput Current	A/phase	0.75						
Ex	citation Mode	Full Step	0.1°/step	0.072°/step	0.036°/step	0.024°/step			
		Half Step	0.05°/step	0.036°/step	0.018°/step	0.012°/step			
	Input Signal Circuit		Photocoupler input, input resistance $220\Omega$ , input current 20mA maximum Signal voltage Photocoupler ON : $+4 \sim +5V$ , Photocoupler OFF: $0 \sim +0.5V$						
Input Signals	• Pulse Signal		Step Command Pulse Signal Pulse width: 5 μs minimum, Pulse rise/Pulse fall time: 2 μs maximum Motor moves when the photocoupler state changes from ON to OFF. Negative logic pulse input						
	Rotation Direction Signal	l	Rotation Direction Signal Photocoupler ON : CW, Pt	notocoupler OFF : CCW					
2 Indui	• Step Angle Signal		Full Step (0.72°) at "Photo Half Step (0.36°) at "Photo						
	• All Windings Off Signal				notor is cut off and the motor set by the RUN switch is supp				
	• Automatic Current Cutba Release Signal	ck		r OFF" state the "Automatic C	rrent Cutback" function at mo urrent Cutback" function at mo				
JIIdIS	Output Signal Circuit		Photocoupler, Open-Colle External use condition: 24	ctor Output V DC maximum, 10mA maxii	mum				
	• Excitation Timing Signal		The signal is output every time the excitation sequence returns to the initial stage "0". (Photocoupler Full step: signal is output every 10 pulses, Half step: signal is output every 20 pulses						
Fu	nctions		Automatic current cutback						
Dri	iver Cooling Method (Driver)		Natural Ventilation						
<u>М</u> а		Motor kg	0.33						
Ma	199	Driver kg			0.14				
Ins	sulation Resistance	Motor	100M $\Omega$ or more under normal ambient temperature and humidity when the megger reading between the windings and the frame is DC500V.						
Die	electric Strength	Motor, Driver	Under normal ambient temperature and humidity, sufficient to withstand 0.5kV 50 Hz applied between the windings and the frame for one minute following a period of continuous operation.						
A		Motor	-10°C ~ +50°C						
Ambient temperature Driver			0° (	$0^{\circ}C \sim +40^{\circ}C$					

•Maximum holding torque refers to the holding torque at motor standstill when the rated current is supplied to the motor (5-phase excitation), with consideration given to the permissible strength of the gear. Use this value to compare motor torque performance. When using the motor with the included driver, the driver's "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximatelly 50%.

•The current indicated in power input is the driver's maximum input current when a load is applied to the motor. (The value varies according to the pulse speed.) Permissible torque is the maximum value of the mechanical strength of the gear unit. Use the product with a total torque (load and acceleration) less than the permissible torque.
 Permissible overhung load indicates the maximum value measured at 10mm from the tip of the gear output shaft.

•Direction of rotation of the motor and that of the gear output shaft are the same for the gear ratio 1:7.2 and 1:10. It is opposite for 1:20 or 1:30 ratio type.

RK

CSK

РМС

NanoStep RFK

Ра	ckage Model	Single	Shaft	CSK564AE-TG7.2	CSK564AE-TG10	CSK564AE-TG20	CSK564AE-TG30			
Ма	ximum Holding Torque		N·m	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0			
Rotor Inertia kg · m <sup>2</sup>					175>	<10 <sup>-7</sup>				
Rated Current A/phase					1.4					
Ва	sic Step Angle			0.1°	0.072°	0.036°	0.024°			
Re	duction Gear Ratio			1:7.2	1:10	1:20	1:30			
Pe	rmissible Torque		N·m	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0			
Pe	rmissible Thrust Load		Ν		4	0				
Pe	rmissible Overhung Load		Ν	100						
Ва	cklash	N	linute	15 (0.25°)	15 (0.25°)	10 (0.167°)	10 (0.167°)			
		Full Step		0~15000Hz	0~15000Hz	0~15000Hz	0~15000Hz			
	rmissible Speed Range	Tuli Step		(0~250r/min)	(0~180r/min)	(0~90r/min)	(0~60r/min)			
(0	utput Shaft Rotation Speed)	Half Step		0~30000Hz	0~30000Hz	0~30000Hz	0~30000Hz			
				(0~250r/min)	(0~180r/min)	(0~90r/min)	(0~60r/min)			
	ulation Class			Class B	. ,	ss A (105°C) by UL and CSA s	tandardsj			
-	wer Source					2.1A Maximum				
Ou	tput Current		ohase	. 10/ .		1.4	0.00.00			
Ex	citation Mode	Full Step		0.1°/step	0.072°/step	0.036°/step	0.024°/step			
		Half Step		0.05°/step	0.036°/step	0.018°/step	0.012°/step			
	Input Signal Circuit			Photocoupler input, input resistance 220 $\Omega$ , input current 20mA maximum Signal voltage Photocoupler ON : +4 $\sim$ +5V, Photocoupler OFF: 0 $\sim$ +0.5V						
Input Signals	• Pulse Signal				m, Pulse rise/Pulse fall time:	2 µs maximum m ON to OFF. Negative logic p	ulse input			
	Rotation Direction Signal	l		Rotation Direction Signal Photocoupler ON : CW, Ph	notocoupler OFF : CCW					
e indui	• Step Angle Signal			Full Step (0.72°) at "Photo Half Step (0.36°) at "Photo						
	• All Windings Off Signal					notor is cut off and the motor s set by the RUN switch is supp				
	• Automatic Current Cutba Release Signal	ck			r OFF" state the "Automatic Co	rrent Cutback" function at mo urrent Cutback" function at mo				
gliais	Output Signal Circuit			Photocoupler, Open-Collec External use condition: 24	ctor Output V DC maximum, 10mA maxir	num				
Uutput Signals	• Excitation Timing Signal			The signal is output every Full step: signal is output Half step: signal is output	every 10 pulses,	returns to the initial stage "0".	(Photocoupler : ON)			
Fu	nctions			Automatic current cutback						
Dr	ver Cooling Method (Driver)			Natural Ventilation						
64		Motor	kg	0.95						
Mass Driver k		kg	0.14							
Ins	ulation Resistance	Motor		100M $\Omega$ or more under normal ambient temperature and humidity when the megger reading between the windings and the frame is DC500V.						
Dielectric Strength Motor, Driver			iver	Under normal ambient temperature and humidity, sufficient to withstand 1.0kV 50 Hz (0.5kV for driver) applied between the windings and the frame for one minute following a period of continuous operation.						
Λ		Motor			-10°C	$c \sim +50°C$				
All	bient temperature	Driver		$0^{\circ}$ C $\sim +40^{\circ}$ C						

•Maximum holding torque refers to the holding torque at motor standstill when the rated current is supplied to the motor (5-phase excitation), with consideration given to the permissible strength of the gear. Use this value to compare motor torque performance. When using the motor with the included driver, the driver's "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximatelly 50%.

•The current indicated in power input is the driver's maximum input current when a load is applied to the motor. (The value varies according to the pulse speed.) •Permissible torque is the maximum value of the mechanical strength of the gear unit. Use the product with a total torque (load and acceleration) less than the permissible torque.

•Permissible overhung load indicates the maximum value measured at 10mm from the tip of the gear output shaft.

•Direction of rotation of the motor and that of the gear output shaft are the same for the gear ratio 1:7.2 and 1:10. It is opposite for 1:20 or 1:30 ratio type.

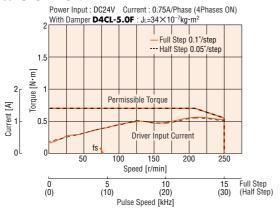
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#### Speed-Torque Characteristics

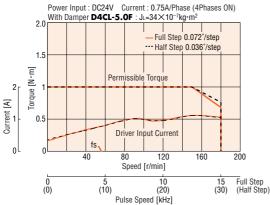
fs: Maximum Starting Pulse Rate

#### •TH Geared Type

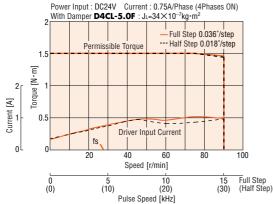
#### CSK543AE-TG7.2



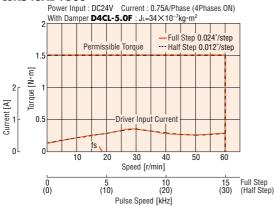
#### CSK543AE-TG10



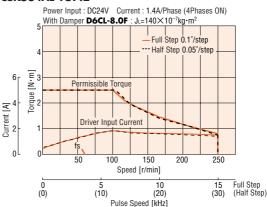
#### CSK543AE-TG20



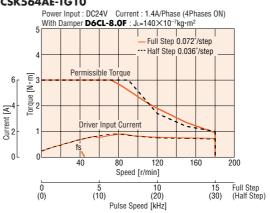
#### CSK543AE-TG30



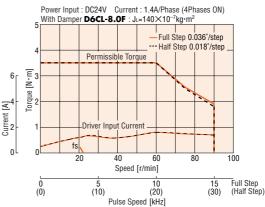
#### CSK564AE-TG7.2



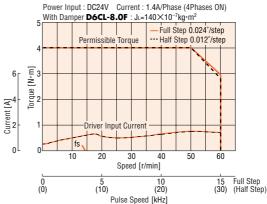
#### CSK564AE-TG10



#### CSK564AE-TG20



#### CSK564AE-TG30



#### Notes:

1. Pay attention to heat dissipation from the motor and driver. The motor will produce a considerable amount of heat under certain conditions. Be sure to keep the temperature of the motor case under 100°C

2. When using the motor with the dedicated driver, the driver "Automatic Current Cutback" function at motor standstill reduces maximum holding torque by approximately 50%.

#### Precautions

When using the  $\ensuremath{\text{CSK TH}}$  geared type, please note the following:

#### Do not exceed the permissible torque:

Permissible torque represents the maximum value of the mechanical strength of the gear unit. Be sure to keep the total value of acceleration/deceleration torque and load (friction) torque at the shaft or stop of the motor under the permissible torque value. If torque exceeding the permissible torque is applied, the gear unit may fail.

#### 2. Do not exceed the permissible speed range:

Do not exceed the maximum output speed of the gearhead indicated in the specifications on page B-125, 126. The speed affects the life the gearhead.

# **3.** Consider backlash in bi-directional positioning:

Backlash is the free rotation angle (i.e., play) of the output shaft when the input section of the reduction gear is fixed. **CSK TH** geared type have been designed with a backlash of 15 arc minutes (gear ratio of 1:7.2 and 1:10) and 10 arc minutes (1:20 and 1:30). If, however, there is a problem with backlash in positioning in both directions, be sure to stop the motor in one direction. (In **CSK543AE-TG** models, backlash is 25 arc minutes and 15 arc minutes, respectively, for the above gear ratios.)

# **4.** The direction of gear-shaft rotations differs according to gear ratios:

The direction of motor shaft rotation and gear shaft rotation according to the gear ratio applied: Gear ratio - 1:7.2 and 1:10 - Same as motor shaft Gear ratio - 1:20 and 1:30 - Opposite of motor shaft

*USTEP* 

RR

C SK

PMC

NanoStep

RFK

CSK

5-Phase with DC Driver

SX

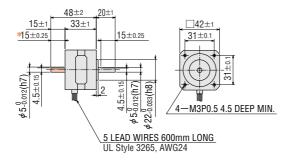
#### Dimensions

#### •Motor scale 1/4, unit=mm

CSK543-NATE (Single shaft)

Motor Model: PK543NAW Mass 0.21kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T CSK543-NBTE (Double shaft) Motor Model: PK543NBW (Mass 0.21kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T

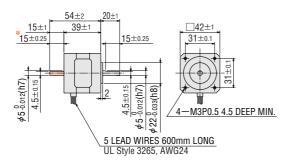
Motor Model: PK543NBW Mass 0.21kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T



\* 15±0.25 indicates the length of milling on motor shaft.

CSK544-NATE (Single shaft)

Motor Model: PK544NAW Mass 0.27kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T CSK544-NBTE (Double shaft) Motor Model: PK544NBW Mass 0.27kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T

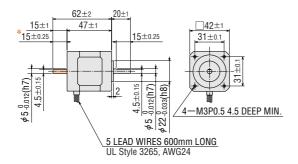


\* 15±0.25 indicates the length of milling on motor shaft.

#### CSK545-NATE (Single shaft)

Motor Model: PK545NAW Mass 0.35kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T CSK545-NBTE (Double shaft)

Motor Model: PK545NBW Mass 0.35kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T



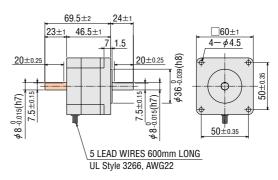
\* 15±0.25 indicates the length of milling on motor shaft.

 These dimensions are for double shaft models. For single shaft, ignore the colored areas.

•Refer to page B-42 for information on motor installation.

CSK564-NATE (Single shaft) Motor Model: PK564NAWE Mass 0.6kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T CSK564-NBTE (Double shaft)

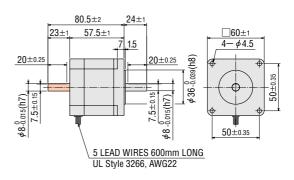
Motor Model: PK564NBWE Mass 0.6kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T



CSK566-NATE (Single shaft)

Motor Model: PK566NAWE Mass 0.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T CSK566-NBTE (Double shaft)

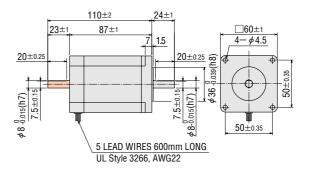
Motor Model: PK566NBWE Mass 0.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T





Motor Model: PK569NAWE Mass 1.3kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T CSK569-NBTE (Double shaft)

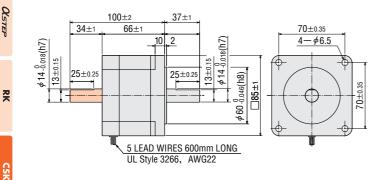
Motor Model: PK569NBWE Mass 1.3kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T

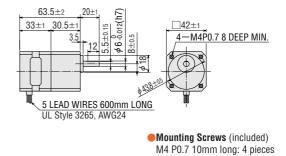


#### CSK596-NATE (Single shaft) Motor Model: PK596-NAE Mass 1.7kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T CSK596-NBTE (Double shaft) Motor Model: PK596-NBE Mass 1.7kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T

#### CSK543AE-TG (Single shaft)

Motor Model: PK543NAW-T Mass 0.33kg/Driver Model: CSD5807N-T

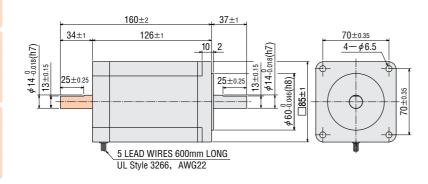




CSK564AE-TG (Single shaft) Motor Model: PK564NAW-T Mass 0.95kg/Driver Model: CSD5814N-T

CSK599-NATE (Single shaft) 92±2 32= \$ 8 -0.015(h7) Motor Model: PK599-NAE Mass 2.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T PMC 46.5±1 45.5±1 □60±1 CSK599-NBTE (Double shaft) 4-M4P0.7 8 DEEP MIN. 3.5 7±0.15 10±0.5 Motor Model: PK599-NBE Mass 2.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T 1 12  $\phi 24$ Ċ NanoStep RFK 130±2 37±1 34±1 96±1 70±0.35 10 2 <u>4</u>− ¢6.5 \$ 14-0.018(h7) φ14-<sup>0</sup>.018(h7) 13±0.15 **13**±0.15<sup><sup>1</sup></sup> é 5 LEAD WIRES 600mm LONG 25±0.25 25±0.25 UL Style 3266, AWG22 \$60 -0.046(h8) □85±1 70±0.35 Mounting Screws (included) M4 P0.7 18mm long: 4 pieces ¢ 5 LEAD WIRES 600mm LONG UL Style 3266, AWG22

CSK5913-NATE (Single shaft) Motor Model: PK5913-NAE Mass 3.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T CSK5913-NBTE (Double shaft) Motor Model: PK5913-NBE Mass 3.8kg/Driver Model: CSD5828N-T



•These dimensions are for double shaft models. For single shaft, ignore the colored areas

•Refer to page B-42 for information on motor installation.

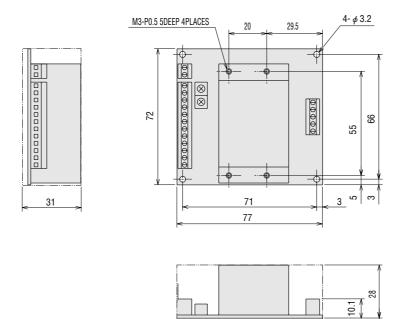
5-Phase with AC Driver

# 5-Phase with DC Driver

SK

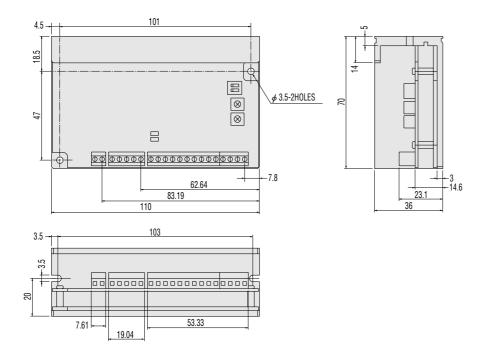
#### •Driver scale 1/2, unit=mm

Driver: CSD5807N-T, CSD5814N-T Mass 0.14kg



0

Driver: CSD5828N-T Mass 0.25kg

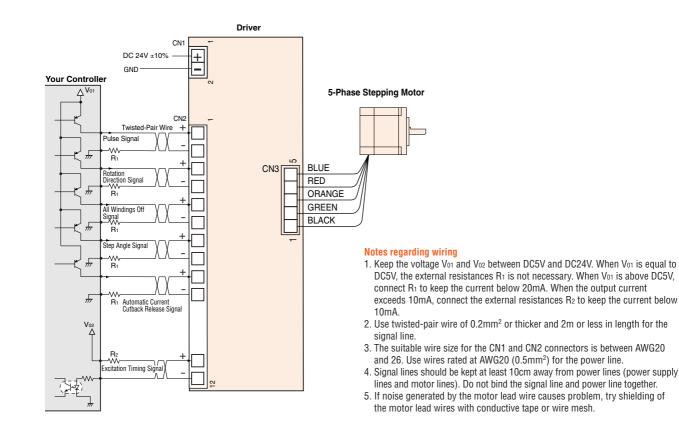


•Refer to page B-45 for information on driver installation.

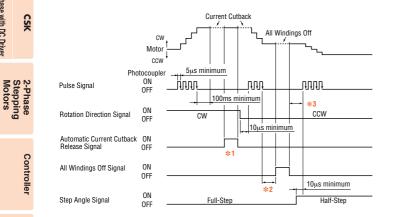
#### Wiring Diagrams

#### Standard Type CSK54 , CSK56

#### TH Geared Type CSK543AE-TG , CSK564AE-TG



#### Timing Chart



#### \*1:

When the signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state, the "Automatic Current Cutback" function is deactivated. Always set it in the "photocoupler OFF" state when the pulse signal is stopped.

#### \*2:

It is recommended to wait a period of time to allow the motor oscillations to end before inputting the "All Windings Off" signal. This time varies with the load inertia, the load torgue and the starting pulse rate, etc. The signal input must be stopped before the motor stops.

#### \*3:

Do not input pulse signals immediately after switching the "All Windings Off" signal into the "photocoupler OFF" state, as this will affect the motor's start-up characteristics. Ordinarily, the interval should be around 100ms.

*Q***STEP** 

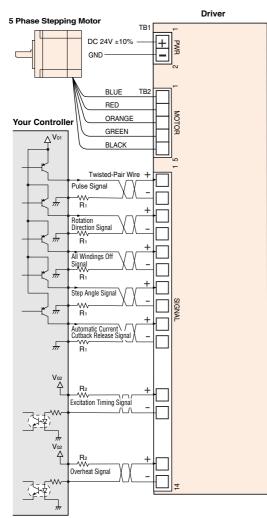
PMC

NanoStep

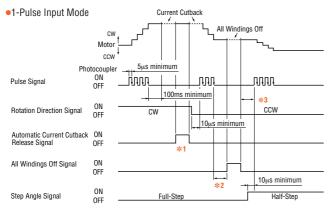
RFK

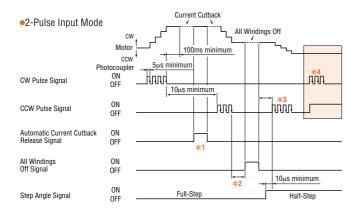
#### Wiring Diagrams

#### • Standard Type CSK59 Type



#### Timing Chart





# STEPPING MOTORS

5-Phase with DC Driver

#### Notes regarding wiring

- 1. Keep the voltage V<sub>01</sub> and V<sub>02</sub> between DC5V and DC24V. When V<sub>01</sub> is equal to DC5V, the external resistances R<sub>1</sub> is not necessary. When V<sub>01</sub> is above DC5V, connect R<sub>1</sub> to keep the current below 20mA. When the output current exceeds 10mA, connect the external resistances R<sub>2</sub> to keep the current below 10mA.
- 2. Use twisted-pair wire of 0.2mm<sup>2</sup> or thicker and 2m or less in length for the signal line.
- 3. The suitable wire size for the TB1 and TB2 connectors is between AWG20 and 26. Use wires rated at AWG20 (0.5mm<sup>2</sup>) for the power line.
- 4. Signal lines should be kept at least 10cm away from power lines (power supply lines and motor lines). Do not bind the signal line and power line together.
- 5. If noise generated by the motor lead wire causes problem, try shielding of the motor lead wires with conductive tape or wire mesh.

#### \*1:

When the signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state, the "Automatic Current Cutback" function is deactivated. Always set it in the "photocoupler OFF" state when the pulse signal is stopped.

#### \*2:

It is recommended to wait a period of time to allow the motor oscillations to end before inputting the "All Windings Off" signal. This time varies with the load inertia, the load torque and the starting pulse rate, etc. The signal input must be stopped before the motor stops.

#### \*3:

Do not input pulse signals immediately after switching the "All Windings Off" signal into the "photocoupler OFF" state, as this will affect the motor's start-up characteristics. Ordinarily, the interval should be around 100ms.

#### \*4:

The motor will not operate properly when inputting a pulse signal while either the CW or CCW pulse is in the "photocoupler ON" state. *Q***STEP** 

RR

SK

PMC

NanoStep

RFK

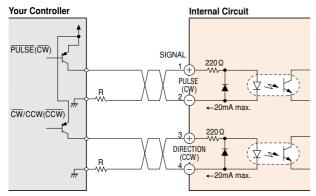
5-Phase with AC Driver

5-Phase with DC Driver

#### Description of Input/Output Signals

#### 1. Pulse (Pulse and Direction) Signal

#### Input Circuit and Sample Connection



The characters indicate signals under the 1-pulse input mode, while the characters in parenthesis indicate signals under the 2-pulse input mode. The external resistance R is not needed when  $V_0$  is 5V. When the voltage exceeds 5V, connect the external resistance R to keep input current at 20mA or less.

#### 1-pulse Input Mode

 Pulse Signal When the photocoupler state changes from "ON" to "OFF", the motor rotates one step.

The direction of the motor's rotation is determined by the following "Rotation Direction" signal.

#### Rotation Direction Signal

The "Rotation Direction" signal is input.

A "photocoupler ON" signal input commands a clockwise direction rotation.

A "photocoupler OFF" signal input commands a counterclockwise direction rotaiton.

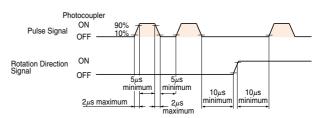
#### 2-pulse Input Mode (only for CSK59 U type) •CW Pulse Signal

When the photocoupler state changes from "ON" to "OFF", the motor rotates one step in the clockwise direction.

#### CCW Pulse Signal

When the photocoupler state changes from "ON" to "OFF", the motor rotates one step in the counterclockwise direction.

#### Pulse Signal Characteristics



Shaded area  $\hfill \hfill \h$ 

#### **Pulse Signal Characteristics**

- 1. The pulse voltage is 4~5V in the "photocoupler ON" state, and 0~0.5V in the "photocoupler OFF" state.
- Input pulses for a pulse width is 5μs or more, the rise/ drop time is 2μs or less and pulse duty is 50% or less.
- 3.  $10\mu$ s or more is the standard interval time for switching from CW to CCW. Note that the interval time greatly varies according to the motor and load inertia.

#### **Pulse Signal Input Precautions**

Be sure to set the signal in the "photocoupler OFF" state when the pulse signal is at rest. Setting to the signal in the "photocoupler ON" state will not activate the "Automatic Current Cutback" function.

#### I-pulse Input Mode

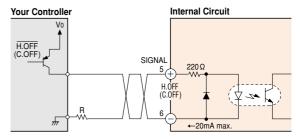
Be sure to switch the direction of rotation with the "Pulse" signal in the "photocoupler OFF" state.

#### Pulse Input Mode

Do not input CW pulses and CCW pulses at the same time. When the "CW Pulse" signal or "CCW Pulse" signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state, the input of pulses to the other will not rotate the motor normally.

#### 2. H. OFF\* (All Windings Off) Signal (\*C.OFF for CSK59 type)

#### Input Circuit and Sample Connection



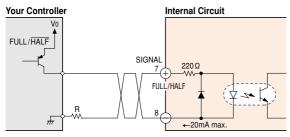
The external resistance R is not needed when  $V_0$  is 5V. When the voltage exceeds 5V, connect the external resistance R to keep input current at 20mA or less.

- If the "H.OFF" (or C.OFF) signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state, the current does not flow through the motor and the motor shaft can be turned manually. This function can be used when the motor shaft needs external rotation or manual positioning. Be sure to set to the signal in the "photocoupler OFF" state when operating the motor. For regular use, no connections are necessary. The holding torque can be set in proportion to the motor stop current set by the STOP dial.
- 2. Turning the "H.OFF" (or C.OFF) signal OFF does not change the excitation sequence (phase) of the motor. When the motor shaft is turned manually with H.OFF (or C.OFF) input, the shaft may turn  $\pm 3.6^{\circ}$  from the shaft position when H.OFF (or C.OFF) is released.

5-Phase with DC Driver

# 3. FULL/HALF (Step Angle) Signal

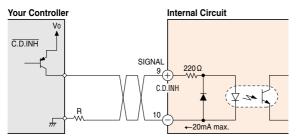




The external resistance R is not needed when V\_0 is 5V. When the voltage exceeds 5V, connect the external resistance R to keep input current at 20mA or less.

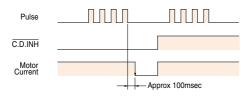
- If the "FULL/HALE" signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state half-step mode (0.36°/step) has been selected; when it is in the "photocoupler OFF" state full-step mode (0.72°/step) has been selected.
- 2. Switch the step angle when the pulse input is in the "photocoupler OFF" state. The "FULL/HALF" signal is read when the "Pulse" signal is falling, therefore switching the "FULL/HALF" signal after the pulse has fallen will not change the signal until the pulse falls again.
- 4. C.D.INH (Automatic Current Cutback Release) Signal

#### Input Circuit and Sample Connection

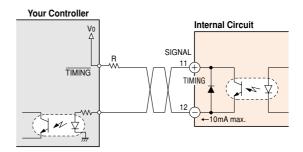


The external resistance R is not needed when  $V_0$  is 5V. When the voltage exceeds 5V, connect the external resistance R to keep input current at 20mA or less.

- If the "C.D.INH" signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state the "Automatic Current Cutback" function is not activated; even after the motor has stopped, current set with the RUN potentiometer will continue flowing to the motor.
- If the "C.D.INH" signal is in the "photocoupler OFF" state the "Automatic Current Cutback" function is activated; approximately 100ms after the motor has stopped, current set with the STOP potentiometer will flow to the motor.
- Approximately 100ms after the input pulses have stopped, the current is reduced; when the input pulse signal drops to 10Hz or below, the "Automatic Current Cutback" function works for each pulse.

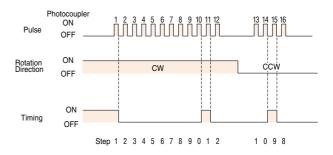


# 5. TIMING (Excitation Timing) Signal Output Circuit and Sample Connection



Keep the voltage between 5V and 24V and current at 10mA or less.

- The "Excitation Timing" (TIMING) signal indicates that the excitation of the motor is in the initial state (STEP 0). Use this signal to detect the home position accurately by matching the mechanical home position of the device and the excitation home position (STEP 0) of the motor.
- The signal is output once each time the excitation sequence returns to (STEP 0) in synchronization with input pulses. The excitation sequence is designed to complete one cycle as the motor shaft rotates 7.2°. Output is as follows: 0.72°/step (Full step): 1 output per 10 pulses 0.36°/step (Half step): 1 output per 20 pulses

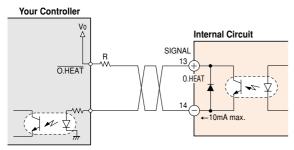


When used as indicated in the sample connection, the signal is in the "photocoupler ON" state at STEP 0.

Notes: When the power is turned ON, the excitation sequence is reset to STEP 0.

#### 6. O.HEAT (Overheat) Output (This function is equipped only for CSK59 Utype)

#### Output Circuit and Sample Connection

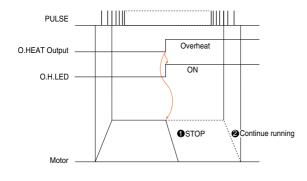


Keep the voltage between 5V and 24V and current at 10mA or less.

1. The "Overheat" (O.HEAT) signal is output to protect the driver from overheating damage when the temperature of the driver radiation plate rises abnormally due to a rise in the ambient temperature or other factors.

At the same time this signal is output, the O.H. LED on the circuit board lights.

- 2. If the "Automatic Current Off" function is activated, the motor excitation will cease (shaft free) and the motor will come to a natural stop.
- When the "O.HEAT" signal has been output, reconfirm the use conditions (ambient temperature, operation patterns, etc.) or take appropriate measures, such as forced cooling of the driver.
- 4. The "O.HEAT" signal is automatically turned off when the temperature of the driver radiation plate falls. (The O.HEAT signal returns to the "photocoupler OFF" state and O.H.LED goes off.) This signal cannot be turned on and off by using external signals or by turning the power back on.



The "Automatic Current Off" function select switch can be used to determine how the "O.HEAT" signal affects the motor's operation.
① Set to ACO to have the motor stop immediately.
② Set to OFF to have the motor continue running.

#### Switching and Setting Functions (This switch is equipped only for CSK59 type)

#### 1. Automatic Current Off Function



Setting the "Automatic Current Off" select switch to "ACO" (left side) activates the "Automatic Current Off" function. When the function is activated, the motor output current is automatically reduced to zero and the motor stops if the temperature of the driver radiation plate rises to 90°C (overheat).

Setting this switch to "OFF" (right side) deactivates the automatic current off function. (The motor can be operated even after overheating, but it is recommended that the motor be stopped promptly upon detecting of an overheat signal.)

This select switch is set to "ACO" at the factory.

#### 2. Pulse Input Mode



Setting the pulse input mode select switch to "1P" (right side) places the driver in 1-pulse input mode which control the motor through pulse signals and directional signals. Setting this switch to "2P" (left side) place the driver in 2-pulse input mode which control the motor through two pulse signal systems of CW and CCW pulse.

The select switch is set to "1P" at the factory.

*USTEP* 

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SK

PMC

NanoStep

RFK

CSK

#### Adjusting the Output Current

#### 1. Adjustment Method

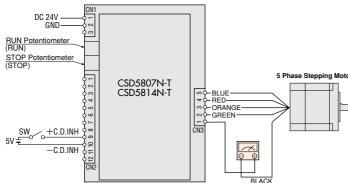
The rated output current is set at the factory. When it is necessary to change the current setting, follow the procedures described below.

#### Connecting an ammeter

#### ●CSK54 □, CSK56 □ Type

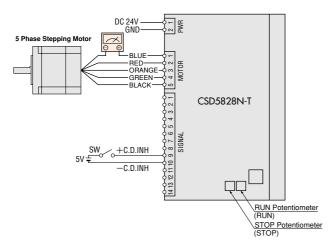
•CSK543 E-TG , CSK564 E-TG Type

Connect a DC ammeter between the motor and pin 1 of CN3 connector as shown below.



#### •СЅК59 🗌 Туре

Connect a DC ammeter between the motor and pin 1 of "MOTOR" connector as shown below.



- After connecting the DC ammeter to the motor, turn on the power. (The excitation status at this point is fixed: power on reset.)
- When the power is turned on, the motor enters a 4 phase excitation state, and +directional current flows through the blue motor lead wire. (Even if 4-5phase excitation has been selected, the motor enters a 4 phase excitation state when the power is turned on. Adjust the current in this state.)
- The value measured by the ammeter represents the total current in two phases. The current for one phase is equivalent to half of the ammeter value. (When setting the current to 1.0A/phase, adjust the current level until the ammeter reads 2.0A.)

#### 2. Adjusting the Motor Operating Current

Set "Automatic Current Cutback Release" (C.D.INH) signal to in the "photocoupler ON" state (SW:ON) when adjusting the RUN current.

- (1) Adjust the motor RUN current with the RUN potentiometer. Adjustment Range CSD5807N-T:0.1A/phase~0.75A/phase CSD5814N-T:0.1A/phase~1.4A/phase CSD5828N-T:1.0A/phase~2.8A/phase
- (2) The motor operating current is set for rated current (CSD5807N-T:0.75A/phase, CSD5814N-T:1.4A/phase, CSD5828N-T:2.8A/phase) at the time of shipping, but it can be readjusted using the RUN potentiometer. The operating current can be lowered to suppress temperature rise in the motor/driver, or lower operating current in order to allow a margin for motor torque or to reduce vibration.

Note: The motor RUN current should be less than the motor rated current.

#### 3. Adjusting The Current At Motor Standstill

Set "Automatic Current Cutback Release" (C.D.INH) signal at in the "photocoupler OFF" state (SW: OFF) when adjusting the current while the motor is stopped.

 Adjust the current at motor standstill with the STOP potentiometer. Adjustment Range CSD5807N-T:0.1A~0.56A/phase

CSD5814N-T:0.1A~1.05A/phase CSD5828N-T:0.7A~2.3A/phase

(2) At the time of shipping, the current at motor standstill is set for half of rated Current.

(CSD5807N-T:0.75A/phase, CSD5814N-T:0.7A/phase, CSD5828N-T:1.4A/phase) The STOP potentiometer can be used to readjust the current at motor standstill to the current value required to produce enough holding torque.

	Rated Holding Current at Motor			
Holding Torque	Torque (N·m) <sup>×</sup> Standstill (A)			
(N⋅m) =	Motor Rated Current (A)			